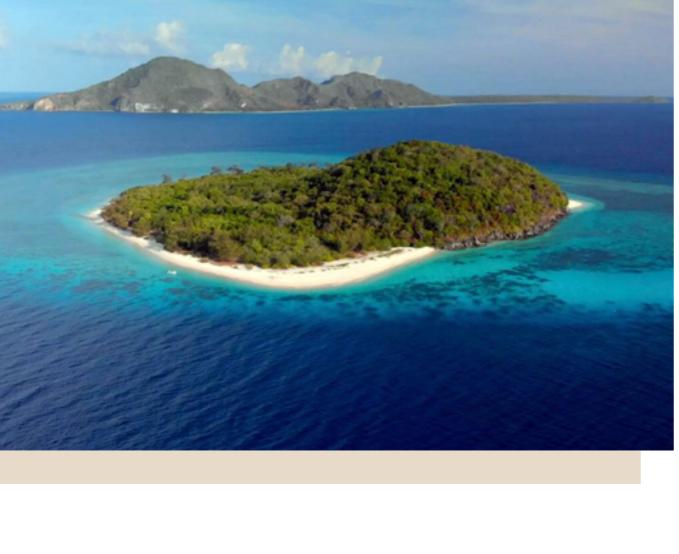


Indonesia's "Forgotten Islands" – also known as the Southeast Moluccas (Maluku Tenggara) – are not a single destination, but rather a 1,000 km long chain of archipelagos stretching from Timor to West Papua on the island of New Guinea.

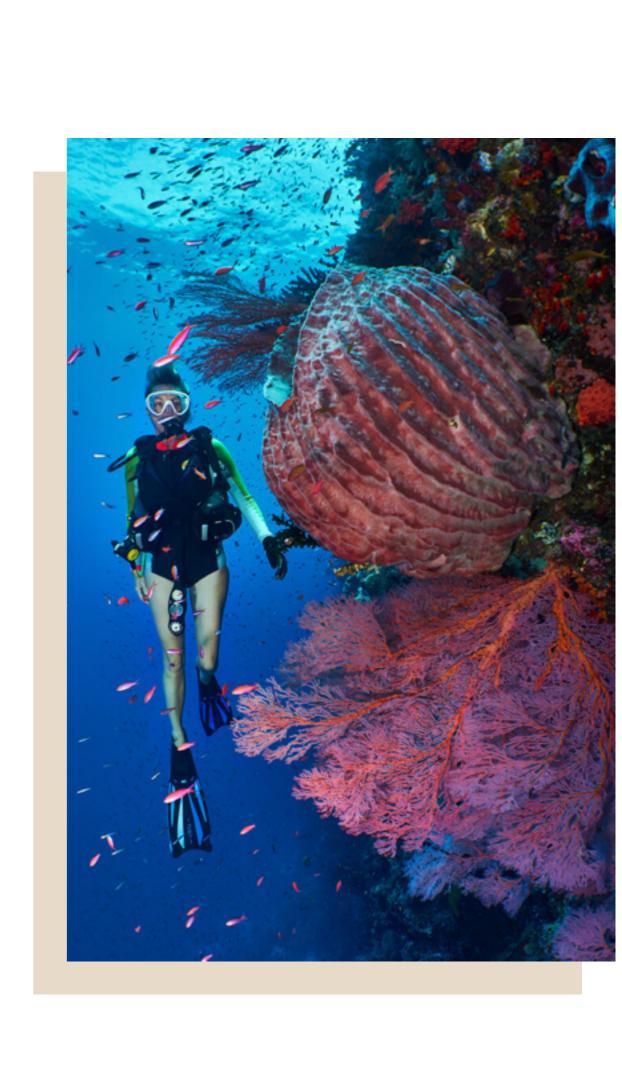
Undeveloped, distant from population centers and far off any beaten path, these "Forgotten Islands" have been largely isolated from the rest of Indonesia and the world.

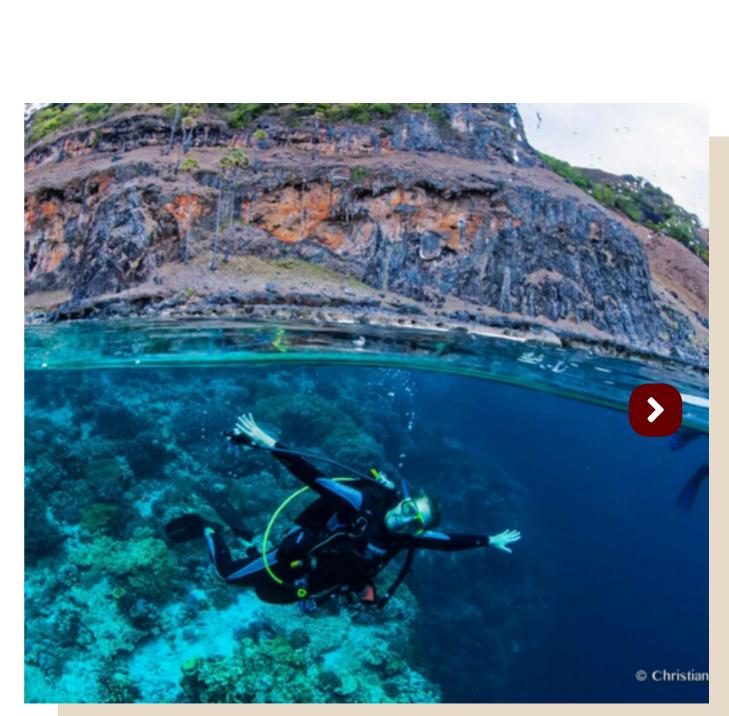
The terrain of these islands varies from forested mountainous peaks in the Inner Banda Arc of islands (Wetar, Roma, Damar, Nila), with peaks as high as 868 m (on Damer) to essentially flat islands of the easternmost Aru and Kei island groups, dominated by savannah, mangroves and broadleaf forests.

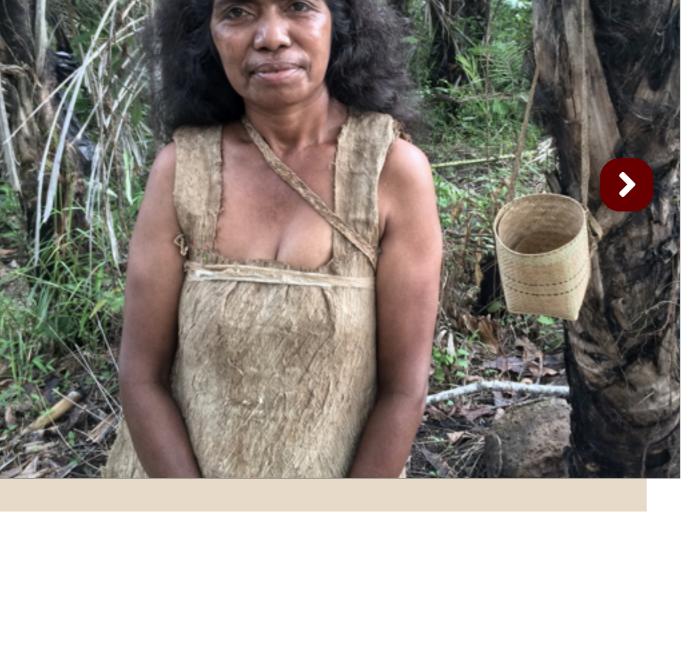


The Inner Arc islands are volcanic, while the island groups in the Outer Banda Arc (Leti, Luang, Sermata, Babar and Tanimbar islands) are mostly up thrust coralline limestone, often characterized by terracing resulting from periodic uplift and changes in sea level.

Together, the islands of Maluku Tenggara make up the eastern end of the bio-geographic province of Wallacea, a transitional region between continental Southeast Asia and Australia-New Guinea, with flora and fauna of the easternmost islands the most similar to New Guinea.







Culturally, most of the Austronesian peoples of the islands of Maluku Tenggara appear to be closely related, sharing similar languages, myths, and traditional beliefs. They are known for their powerful woodcarvings and

sculptures depicting ancestral figures, distinctive hand-woven ikat fabrics, and plaited bamboo and palm baskets.

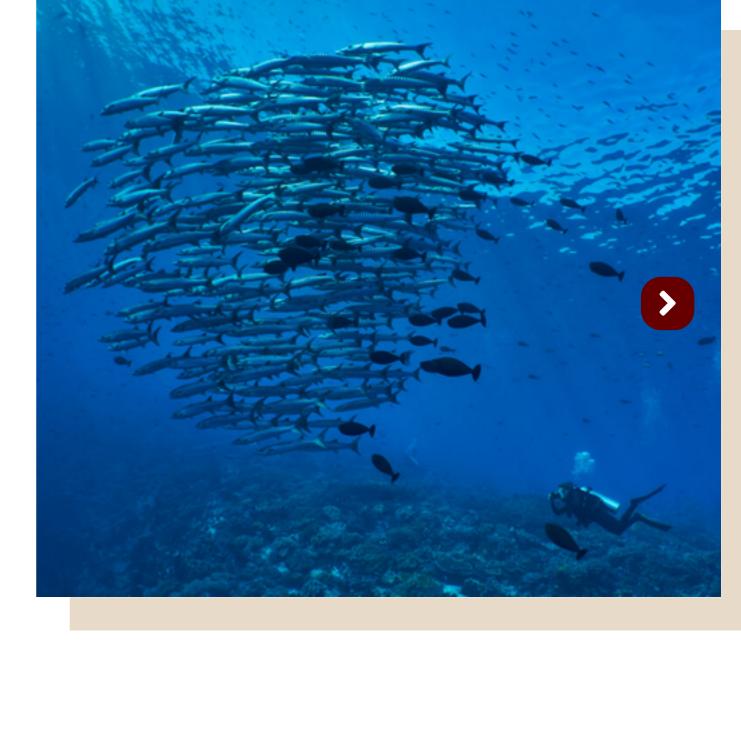
reefs, and coral bommies, spectacular wall dives, and unbelievable drop-offs. On our inaugural trips to the Forgotten Islands in 2010, our excited visitors enjoyed seeing schools of massive Bumphead

parrotfish, tornadoes of Big-eye trevallies, Giant trevallies,

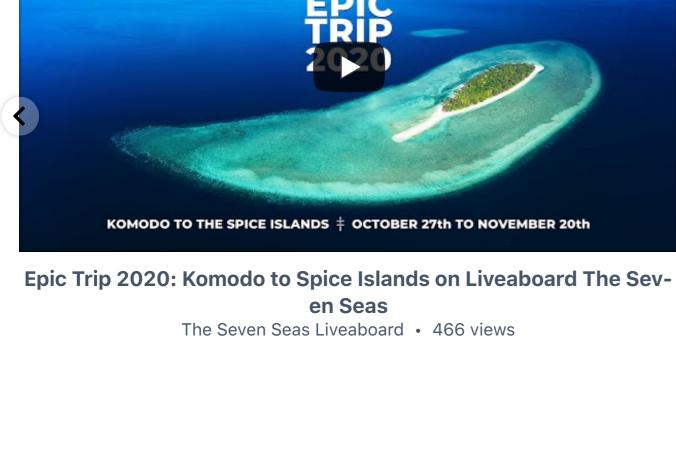
Indonesian waters. Attractions include gin-clear waters, patch

The Forgotten Islands offer some of the best diving in

Spanish mackerel, schooling barracuda, hammerhead sharks, and a whale shark, to mention a few highlights only.



WATCH THE EXPLORATION



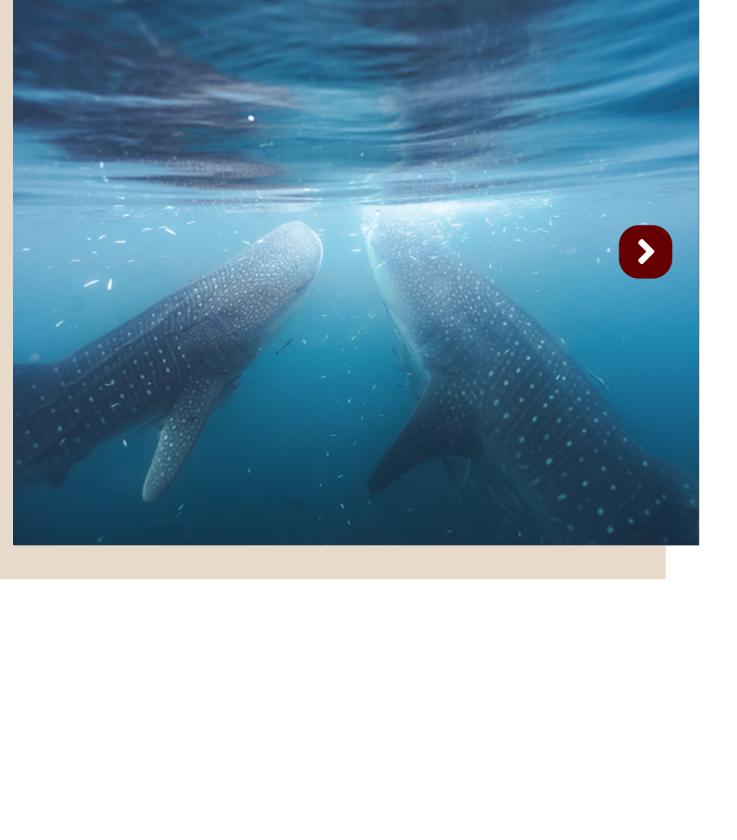




Since 2012 we are offering three expeditions to the Forgotten

Islands each year between late October and early December.

The first trip each year starts in Maumere (Flores), heads East



Tanimbar Group. The second cruise starts in Saumlaki and circles around the

outer and inner Banda Arcs to returns to Saumlaki after a full

circle of the South East Maluku archipelago.

through the Forgotten Islands, and ends in Saumlaki, in the

The third and final cruise of the season starts in Saumlaki, hits all the best spots of the Forgotten Islands, and then crosses the Banda Sea via a number of stops at remote sites to head further north via Koon at East Seram and through the South

East Misool area of Raja Ampat, to end this epic trip in Sorong. Detailed itineraries in this area will vary according to weather, diving conditions, and other factors.

Jonge/van Dijk book was produced in conjunction with an exhibition of Forgotten Islands art and culture at the Rijksmuseum voor Volkenkunde, Leiden, Netherlands. It is probably the best sourcebook on these islands in English, but this book is out of print and may be difficult to obtain (There is

There isn't much useful information available. The de

PUBLISHED INFORMATION

ABOUT THE FORGOTTEN

ISLANDS

North West

Monsoon:

a copy on the Seven Seas!). Nico de Jonge and Toos van Dijk, Forgotten Islands of Indonesia: The Art & Culture of the Southeast Moluccas, Singapore: Periplus Editions (1995) Stephen Oppenheimer, Eden in the East: The Drowned

Continent of Southeast Asia, London: Phoenix Books (1988)

Late December – April (North West rain storms Dec – March)

South East Trade Winds:	May – October (strong steady winds from South East)
Calm Cruising Season:	November – first half of December (in recent years)
Dry season:	June through November
Rainy Season:	December through May
Air temperature:	27 – 32°C
Water temperature:	27 - 32°C

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recent years, where several years ago this calm season started earlier, in October. Switch from North West to South East in Other April-May has been very quick with unreliable short calm season. Not recommended for cruising. Wind and sea conditions relevant may still vary unpredictably, forcing itinerary changes. Dive conditions vary with the tides, throughout the day. Therefore it info: is important to dive according to the tide tables in order to hit each site at the optimal time. This is where your Seven Seas crew and dive guides excel!

Switch from South East to North West has provided a "window" for calm cruising in November and early December in